

$$g^{\mu\nu} a_\nu = a^\mu$$

raising Lorentz index

$$g_{\mu\nu} a^\nu = a_\mu$$

lowering

} verify these explicitly.

Exercises

Verify that

$$1) \quad g^{\mu\nu} g_{\nu\lambda} = \delta^\mu_\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & \\ & 1 & & \\ & & 1 & \\ & & & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbb{1}_{4 \times 4}$$

2) $x^\mu x^\mu$ is not a Lorentz invariant

Minkowski representation of Lorentz Transformations

Consider the contravariant 4-vector $x^\mu = (x^0, x^1, x^2, x^3) = (ct, x, y, z)$

$$\text{and } \underline{\beta} = \beta \hat{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x'^0 &= \gamma(x^0 - \beta x^1) = \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'^0}{\partial x^0}}_{\gamma} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'^0}{\partial x^1}}_{-\gamma\beta} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'^0}{\partial x^2}}_0 + \dots \\ x'^1 &= \gamma(-\beta x^0 + x^1) = \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'^1}{\partial x^0}}_{-\gamma\beta} + \dots \\ x'^2 &= x^2 \\ x'^3 &= x^3 \end{aligned} \quad (11.5)$$

$$(11.6)$$

Writing in more compact form

$$x'^\mu = \frac{\partial x'^\mu}{\partial x^\nu} x^\nu = \Lambda^\mu_\nu x^\nu =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \gamma & -\gamma\beta & 0 & 0 \\ -\gamma\beta & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x^0 \\ x^1 \\ x^2 \\ x^3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Verify (11.6) equivalent to (11.5).

How does a covariant 4-vector transform?

$$X_\mu = (x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3) = (ct, -x, -y, -z)$$

$$x'_0 = ct' = \gamma(ct - \beta x) = \gamma(x_0 + \beta x_1) = \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'_0}{\partial x_0}}_{\gamma} x_0 + \underbrace{\frac{\partial x'_0}{\partial x_1}}_{\gamma\beta} x_1 + \dots$$

$$x'_1 = -x' = -\gamma(-\beta ct + x) = \gamma(\beta x_0 + x_1) \quad (11.7)$$

$$\text{or } x'_\mu = \frac{\partial x'_\mu}{\partial x_\nu} x_\nu = \left(\Lambda^{-1}\right)^\nu_\mu x_\nu$$

$$\text{where } \left(\Lambda^{-1}\right)^\nu_\mu = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & \gamma\beta & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma\beta & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (11.8)$$

Verify this!

Exercises

Verify the following:

$$1) \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu (\Lambda^{-1})^\nu{}_\lambda = \delta^\mu{}_\lambda = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & 0 \\ & 1 & \\ 0 & & 1 \\ & & & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbb{1}_{4 \times 4}$$

$S' \rightarrow S$ transformations

$$2) x^\mu = \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial x'^\nu} x'^\nu = (\Lambda^{-1})^\mu{}_\nu x'^\nu \quad (11.9)$$

$$3) x_\mu = \frac{\partial x_\mu}{\partial x'_\nu} x'_\nu = \Lambda^\nu{}_\mu x'_\nu \quad (11.10)$$