

Magnitude of $\underline{E}$ in S

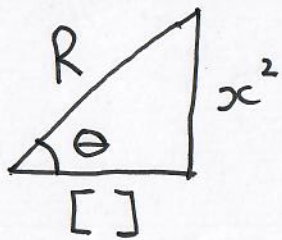
Given symmetry around $\hat{x}'$ let's consider $\underline{E}$ in the $x'-x^2$ plane

$$|\underline{E}| = (E_1^2 + E_2^2)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{q\gamma}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{[\]^2 + (x^2)^2}{\{\gamma^2[\]^2 + (x^2)^2\}^3} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$[\] = [x' - \beta x^0]$$

uses (15.3) (15.4)



$$R^2 = [\]^2 + (x^2)^2$$

$$\sin \theta = x^2/R, \quad \cos \theta = [\]/R$$

$$|\underline{E}| = \frac{q\gamma}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{R^2} \left(\frac{1}{\gamma^2(1 - \sin^2 \theta) + \sin^2 \theta} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{\gamma^2} = 1 - \beta^2$$

$$= \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{R^2} \frac{1}{\gamma^2} \left(\frac{1}{1 - \beta^2 \sin^2 \theta} \right)^{3/2}$$

Exercise:
Verify these
steps.

(15.7)